Unit 2 Ways to go to school

PEP 六年级上册

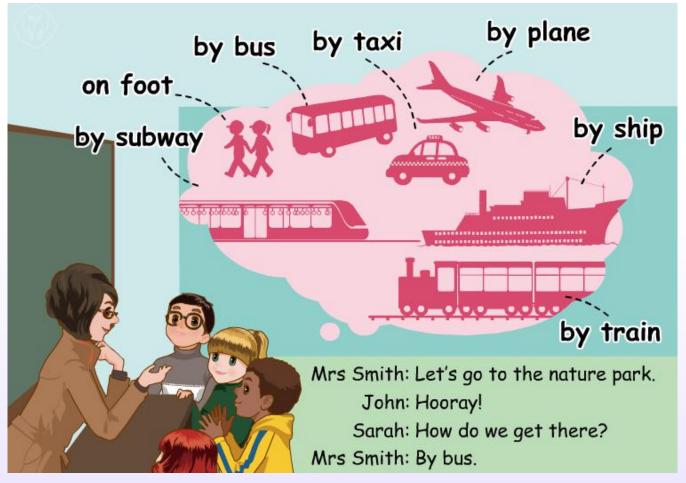


建议2个课时完成



Let's learn









讲解来自《点拨》



知识点 1 有关交通方式的词组[四会]

京重

on foot 步行

例句: We often come to school on foot.

我们经常行来学校。

誉考向

同义转换: go to+地点+on foot=walk to+地点

例句: I go to the park on foot.=I walk to the park.

我步行去公园。







讲解来自《点拨》

交通方式一般用介词by+交通工具。但on foot 这一词组中,介词必须用on。

例句: The boy goes home by bus.

男孩乘公共汽车回家。

誉典例



Mr Li comes to school by bus.





讲解来自《点拨》

by plane乘飞机

例句: I will go to Beijing by plane.

我将乘飞机去北京。

☆ 拓展 at the airport 在飞机场

plane的同义词是airplane





讲解来自《点拨》

快快长大: 乘飞机的注意事项

- 1. 起飞前一定要关闭手机。
- 起飞或降落时,如耳朵感到不适,可张开嘴;嚼口香糖也有效,但别噎着。



3. 飞机起飞和降落前后,摇晃得比较厉害,应系好安全带,不能吸烟。





讲解来自《点拨》

- 4. 不能开"这儿有炸弹"之类的玩笑, 否则将被拘留 并承担由此引起的巨额费用。
- 5. 在上飞机之前一至一个半小时,可依个人喜好,吃些面包、小点心、瘦肉和水果或喝点儿牛奶,只要八分饱即可。





讲解来自《点拨》

by taxi 乘出租车

例句: My father usually goes to work by taxi.

我爸爸通常乘出租车去上班。

誉考向 同义短语: take a taxi





There is a new taxi over there.





讲解来自《点拨》

by ship 乘船

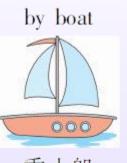
例句: He often goes to Dalian by ship.

他经常乘船去大连。

竇 魔法记忆: by ship乘大船,每天行驶在海面。

辨析记忆法:





乘小船





讲解来自《点拨》

by subway 乘地铁

例句: Uncle Li likes going home by subway.

李叔叔喜欢乘地铁回家。

加法记忆法: sub(下面) + way (路) = subway(地铁)

☆ 拓展 subway的同义词是underground。





Subway is fast and cheap.





讲解来自《点拨》

by train 乘火车

例句: Mike sometimes comes to school by train.

迈克有时乘火车来学校。

竇 魔法记忆: 火车train就是牛,它(t)在雨(rain)中照样走。

★ 拓展 train station 火车站

易错点 提示

by后面一定要加交通工具的单数形式,而且中间无任何冠词。

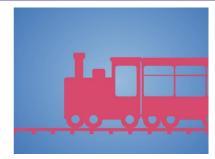


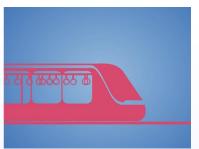
Pairwork















老师指定图片,同学一问一答,全班都挨个接龙。

A: How do you get there?

B: By bus. How do you get there?

C: By train. How do you get there?

D: By subway. E: ...





Write and say





A: How do you get to the USA from China?

B: By plane.



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

- 一、选出每组中不同类的选项。
- (B) 1. A. younger

B. singer

C. older

(A) 2. A. hall

B. tall

C. short

(C) 3. A. longer

B. thinner

C. metre

(A) 4. A. dinosaur

B. first

C. second

(B) 5. A. how

B. small

C. who



当堂检测



习题来自《点拨》

二、选择合适的词填空。

Who, How old, How tall, What

1. — How old are you? —I'm 13 years old.

2. — What is his name? —His name is John.

3. — Who is older than you? —Tom.

4. — <u>How tall</u> are you? —I'm 1. 45 metres.



课堂小结



本节课我们学习了以下知识,请同学们一定加

强巩固,以便能和同学们进行灵活交流哦!

重点短语: on foot, by plane, by taxi, by ship, by subway

by train





1 熟记本节课所学的单词,必须达到会听、 说、读、写。





THANK YOU!



Unit 2 Ways to go to school

PEP 六年级上册





Let's learn & Write and say

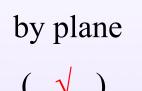


习题源于《典中点》

一、判断图片与词组是(√)否(×)相符。

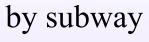
1.







3.



(X)



on foot

 $(\sqrt{})$

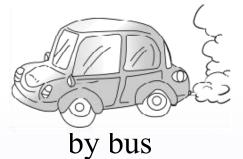




习题源于《典中点》



5.



(X)





(X)

by train







7.

by ship





习题源于《典中点》

	台	T石	华	择	
 \	半	火	儿	1丰	0

(B) 1. How do you get to the USA _____China?

A. in

B. from

C. to

点拨: from 从。

(C) 2. We go to the bookstore _____ foot.

A. by

B. in

C. on

点拨: On foot 步行。





习题源于《典中点》

(B) 3. How do	come to school?
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A. us

B. you

C. your

(C) 4. Let's the nature park.

A. to go to B. go C. go to

(B) 5. —How do we

—By subway.

A. get to B. get there C. get to there





习题源于《典中点》

三、根据图片或中文提示写单词,将对话补充完整。

1. — How do you come to school?

—We usually come on foot



2. —How do we ____get ____to ___(到达)the nature park?

—By bus.





习题源于《典中点》

四、根据下表将句子补充完整。

Name	Way	Place
Wu Yifan	by bike	school
Sarah	by bus	park
John	on foot	ZOO
Amy	by plane	UK





习题源于《典中点》

1. —Hi, Wu Yifan. How do you come to school?

—I usually come to school <u>by</u> <u>bike</u>

2.—Sarah, do you go to the <u>park</u> by bus?

—Yes. I go there by bus.





习题源于《典中点》

3. —How do you get to the zoo from home, John?

—I often get to the zoo <u>on</u> <u>foot</u>. It's near my home.

4. —Hello, Amy. How do you get to the UK?

___ By plane



THANK YOU!

